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A YEAR OF GLORIOUS STRUGGLE



A YEAR OF GLORIOUS STRUGGLE

people and their vigilance, to their ieve an overall liberated and demoorganisation in parties and organi- cratic Arab Federation. The strengsations, to the unity of the people thening of solidarity with the Afroand their solidarity with the Army

ently and Resolutely. This Editorial spirators and by purging the council number containing eight pages, ently and Resolutely. This Editorial spirators and by purging the council of large size in new shape and printer-revolutionary and corrupt electing. The number contained many mamorate its first annual aniversary ments from the state apparatus, by articles and recollections of past means and corrupt elections. The number contained many mamorate its first annual aniversary ments from the state apparatus, by articles and recollections of past means and experiences. expanding and extending the Pea-moirs and experiences.

Yesterday the first year of the legal and public struggle of Ittihad el-Shaab ended under the reign of our liberated Republican system after it was banned for years of stubborn struggle under difficult circumstances of brutal persecution and repression under the reign of the system of the agents of imperialism and feudalism.

expanding and extending the Pea-moirs and experiences.

The newspaper carried an editorical interval in the newspaper carried an editorical interval in the newspaper carried an editorical interval in the newspaper carried an editorical interval inte ialism and feudalism.

The struggle of Ittihad el-Shaab amed before the Revolution to contained before the Revolution to conform to the democratic principles (Communist Party including Rayat tribute in leading the struggle of and the spirit of the 14th July Re-la-Shapilla (The Banner of Toilers) though the leading the stages of the tree ways and the spirit of the record and windst el-Shuiyen (The Unity tem, but under our Republican era patriotic forces and between them of Communists) organisations. But it aimed to safeguard and consoli- and the patriotic authority under in June 1956 those two organisait aimed to safeguard and consol- and the patriotic authority under in June 1350 mose two organisadate the Republic and to reinforce the leadership of the hero of the tons dissolved themselves and their its national and democratic accomplishments. For that purpose it took The providing of the necessary descriptions. Thus the Party decided to a pledge in its first issue to work mocratic circumstances for the estational supplied for party members and regard. in accordance with a "plan" which blishment of the democratic institution personal issues in this unification it pursued in accordance with the tions and the election of a constitutional hence decided to change the it pursued in accordance with the "necessities of our national demo-cratic stage which our Revolution ublican constitution for the country is passing". It emphasised that it will work for that with "a revolutionary, patriotic liberational spirit", which rest s on the rising will of our people and the unity of our patriotic forces in solidarity with the patriotic eadhership of the rule and in brotherly solidarity with our Arab brothers and the international solidarity with all states and peoples and forces fighting against imperialism and for fredom and peace.

It is and hence decided to change the name of its central organ. The Party consideration the country of the country of the consideration to because it signified the task of the Party at that time to contribute in bringing the unity of the European ambitions as well of the work of the partiotic authority and the patriotic leadership of the rule and in brotherly solidarity with our Arab brothers and the international solidarity with all states and peoples and forces fighting against imperialism and Zionism and rensiderations of Arab world and the the country of the fatherland and the rights of the found the proposals.

Comrade Radhi said that the work were attention to the interests of the worth of the Kurdish people in Iraq as well as imperialism and Zionism and rensideration of Arab world and the country of the country and the second the country of the fatherland and the rights of the time to contribute in bringing the unity of the Party at that time to contribute in bringing the unity of the Party at that time to contribute in bringing the unity of the Kurdish people in Iraq. The Party at that time to contribute in the party at that time to ialism and for fredom and peace. imperialism and Zionism and ren-tother proposals, In pursuance with the requisites ders assistance to the Arab peoples of our national democratic stage who are fighting for their liberawhich our Revolution was passing tion and independence. The strengs Continued on Page 10 and in pursuance with the circumthening of the links of cooperation and in pursuance with the circumracteristics of our society, Ittihad Arab countries. The pursuance of el-Shaab identified the objectives for the nationalist policy on the basis which it fights. These are: "Rein- of giving due consideration to the which it fights. These are: "Remforcing the gains of our Revolution historical conditions of the Arab napage shows photographs of preand safeguarding our Republic in tion and in reliance to the legitivious issues of the Party news-

Ittihad el-Shaab's Anniversary

FRONT PAGE

papers: Al-Sharara (The Spark 1940-43, Al-Qa'ida (The Foundation 1943-1956) and Ittihad el-Shaab (1956 onwards).

On 26th of this month, Ittihad Sel-Shaab marked its first anniversary of publication under legal con-Ittinad el-Shaab is keen to per- and also in showing the utmost fir-ditions. The paper published a spe-form her mission faithfully Confid- mness against the traitors and con-ocial number containing eight pages.

Another article was carried wri-

people and the Government. Those fidence between them, passed afterwards That were preaches which some officials in the government machinery are still creOftenly the simple citizen reco- all mean interference in the indepegovernment machinery are sun creating by their arbitrary conduct to- gnises his government and its policy and one of the judicial system; it

can be exploited by the reactionary the other who considers his case or the death sentence — which neces-

of the patriotic forces.

plaints to the officials in the leader- rough the experience of his dealing thing assumed under all circumstship of the State requesting them to with its officials and machinery he ances. That is why the courts of casinteresere to handle them. At the may judge it and consequently this sation and appeal were established same time it kept many of the arou- determines the extent of his back- to rectify the sentences passed by sing complaints or avoided mention- ing to his government. ing the names of those who caused them in addition to its efforts to which is worthy of the utmost attentions at the tower courts. The courts of caseing the names of those who caused them in addition to its efforts to which is worthy of the utmost attentions and appeal in our country rethe need for publishing them in the and agents the reactionaries, the right of the citizen in justice and

lected the complaints sent to us among the citizens and in under- tions — are subject to commit mis-from various parts of the fatherland mining the confidence between the takes in their sentences, is it then and took them to the official authopeople and their patriotic govern-conceivable that the court-martials rities requesting them to pay attent ment. Those quarters themselves be precluded from the probability the interest of the people.

In order to Reinforce the Strue- criticised by its sympathisers and the peole.

The experiences of the past moture and Safety of the Republic. It blamed by many of the loyal peo-

FOR THE SAFETY OF THE REPUBLIC

of Resentment among the Citizens: from the conduct of some officials cher for all the loyal patriotic for-This newspaper pursued for itself a course which is founded upon the tackling of the various problems it is inverted for any or the tackling of the various problems it is inverted for any or the tackling of the various problems. of the Revolution and the demands it is invented, fed and encouraged months in the death cells or prisons of the Revolution and the demands by elements who do not cherish or jails including many innocent of the people through its persistent good intentions to our Republic or—as is testified by many who know general policy—the policy of close who do not realise correctly the da-them and know their cases, and the leadership of the Republic, result from them. It is well known in the people knew that the transfer of the result from them. It is well known in the people knew that the transfer of the result from them. and the leadership of the Republic. The result from them. It is well known hals which were carried for some of pages those heaps of bitter compares those heaps of bitter compares the result from them. It is well known hals which were carried for some of pages those heaps of bitter compares the result from the result in the result is a superficient of the result in the result in the result is result from the result in the result in the result is result from the result in the result in the result is result from them. It is well known has which were carried for some of the result from them. It is well known has which were carried for some of the result from the result from them. It is well known has which were carried for some of the result from the result from them. It is well known has which were carried for some of the result from the laints which it receives from the cilaints which it receives from the citiens because it took into consideration the necessity of healing the breaches which occur between the breaches which occur between the ment and helps weakening the actual control of the cases and the ment and helps weakening the control of the cases and the ment and helps weakening the control of the cases and the ment and helps weakening the control of the cases and the ment and helps weakening the control of the cases and the ment and helps weakening the control of the cases and the ment and helps weakening the control of the cases and the ment and helps weakening the control of the cases and the ment and helps weakening the control of the cases and the ment and helps weakening the cases.

wards the loyal sons of the people. through the conduct of this or that only is confined to state the neces-Our newspaper was keen to avoid administrative official who deals sity of taking utmost caution in pasthose complaints in the way which with him or through this judge or sing serious sentences — such as protection he seeks.

moderate their contents in order to tion. This same question was the and commute the sentences and reduce their bad impact on the starting point for ourselves and all even in some cases acquit accused people. Sometimes it sufficed with the loyal people in their call for who were previously sentenced to merely delivering them to the offi- purging the elements who do not death. merely derivering them to the om-cials in the patriotic government respond with the patriotic policy. The establishment of these cou-aiming to solve these problems thr-and democratic course of the repu- ris was necessitated by the requi-

covetous and the counter-revolution- in the protection of the law. Indeed, the correspondents of any forces are the ones who have H the lower civil courts — who this newspaper once and again col- interest in fanning dissatisfaction are experienced in their jurisdiction to them and to strive to solve are working through various means of committing mistakes? them in the spirit of the law and of intrigue and slander to undermine that confidence. Their target passed against this group of the ci-Our newspaper adhered to this from that is to isolate the patriotic tizens are still shocking the conscicourse for many months during whi- government from its people as a pre- ence of the people because those ch some simple results were achie- lude to subvert it — after isolating citizens are not practiced criminals; ved, and thus this newspaper was it from its most powerful pillars: they are loyal soldiers to their Re-

nths which witnessed all kinds of rity between the People and the Co-vernment and to Handle the Factors

There is no doubt that the re-imperialist reactionary intrigues
sentment and dissatisfaction arising and conspiracies are the best tea-

circles to open a gap in the ranks this or the other policeman whose sitate categorical evidence, docu-Thus our newspaper sufficed with In such a way the citizen may That is in addition to the fact that presenting samples of those com-

ough direct contacts between the blic, in the government machinery, sites of applying justice to examine people and the authority without Imperialism and its followers the sentences in accordance with the

as it is testified by their previous waf in Mosul. conduct and their noble and sincere Everyone knows that Premier zens do not feel sufficient measures incidents.

ring Shawaf conspiracy and set out cident.

who were not in their city during blic.

the country to crush Shawafs con- yal citizens.

appeals which they aunched even fr- Kassim directed his appeal to all taken towards the acts of some offiom their cells when they are waiting citizens to crush the conspirators in cials and government machinery for death. All the people know that Mosul. The citizens responded to who violate the rights of the citithey were tried for cases and inci- this appeal and deserved the thanks zens and despotically apply the law. dents which H.E. the Premier ex- of the fatherland, the government The result of this state of affairs is plained that they were staged by evil and his excellency Premier Kassim. the creation of the spirit of passivielements and imperialist and foreign Few weeks ago, the Military Go- sm among the masses of the people quarters who strove to maintain vernor-General issued his categori- twards their patriotic government. terror in our fatherland and worked cal and clear instructions regarding The rejection of the applications to subvert our Republic. The guilt everything that took place in Mosul of tens of thousands of peasants for

These matters deserve profound The people also cannot tolerate The sentences passed on these attention by our patriotic govern- to see the jails filled with hundreds citizens disturbed the sons of the ment so as to take the initiative of loval citizens for several months people just as they were disturbed and handle them through the recon- for reasons which even in case they by the fate of that vast number of sideration of these sentences on the were true would not permit to keep the sons of Mosul who rose to res- light of the incidents which took the detainees (most of whom are pond to the appeal of the Leader of place and to acquit the innocent lo- from the loyal patriotic elements)

public, people and government - of death at the Stone Castle of Sha- terest nor in the interest of the safety of the Republic that the citi-

of those sentenced - if their was against the conspirators before the false or worthless reasons and the any guilty one among them - was 12th of March last year as one of accusation of the peasants with ththat they were found in the vicinity the patriotic acts which the sons eft and crimes, is undoubtedly a of the incidents and their share was of the people performed in response serious phenomenon which ought to in some cases that they were tried to the appeal of the Leader of the be halted. The violation of the most for their high loyalty to their Re- Revolution. So why did not the Ma- elementary rights of the peapublic and its patriotic leadersh- rtial Court regard the Telkaif inci- sants in the professional organisain. Some people started intriguing dents which took place before that tion and the restriction of this riand gave testimonies which are do-date as part of these intructions? ght for unreasonable pretences woubtful, testimonies that were given In spite of the explicity of those uld not only result with the loss of by some enraged elements some of instructions and the confirmation democracy for the broad masses of whom had not even witnessed the of the fact that the Telkaif incid- the peasants, but will go beyond ents took place on the 9th of March that to obstruct the implementation Recently new death sentences - as it was stated in the verdict of the Agrarian Reform Law which were passed on a group of citizens of the Martial Court, yet the death is in fact one of the basic aims of from "Telkaif", who responded to sentences were passed against the the Revolution. The Revolution the appeal of the national duty du- citizens for taking part in that in- which was directed basically to emancipate the millions of peasants, defending their Republic and patThese sentences not only caused who constitute the basic pillar of
riotic government against those the anxiety of the people, they have the Revolution, ought to enable the who wanted to incite the people ag- also produced multiplications which peasants to enjoy their rights in ainst it and to spread mutiny and are being exploited by the reaction- organisation and restore to them rebellion among the people. These ary and hostile elements against our their supressed dignity and to aroucitizens, too, were not practiced cri- Republic. The evil elements and in- se their enthusiasm and loyalty for minals; they were only victims of triguers spread themselves among work and production. What then, loyalty and enthusiasm. The facts certain circles of the Christian citi- is the link that connects this noble have testified to the great acts per-zens sowing among them the seeds historical task with the deprivation formed by the sons of Telkaif in of dissatisfaction and resentment of broad masses of the peasants of those crucial days, when they put making use of the sentences by organising themselves in their assotheir lives and all their energies un-falsely alleging them as a ciations in addition to accusing thder the disposal of the revolutionary special policy towards the Chris- em on no grounds with crimes and government to crush the rebels. As tian citizens! They have also theft and evicting some of them for those who were sentenced to started slandering the policy of the from their lands, imprisoning them death, they are from the loyal sons Republic and inciting the citizens or refusing to protect them from of this country who were chosen for in the Christian villages to immig-the tresspassings and attacks on this fate because of hatred and tes- rate from Iraq. They have even go- their lives, rights and the dignity timonies that required the utmost ne so far as to make contacts with of their families. Could not all of examination and caution before re- the imperialist and reactionary cir- that lead to rouse the sentiments sorting to them in such serious cles abroad - especially the Cath- of the thousands of peasants and olic Church in Rome - to help th- consequently plant passivism among The people knew for example, em in this cunning endeavour of them towards this great Revolution that among those sentenced were theirs through the circulation of poi- which they received with hope and innocent citizens and some citizens soned propoganda against our Repu- jubilation and which they supported strongly?

for many months in prison without spiracy and who were on the brink It is neither in the national in- investigation or trial - as is the

A COMMUNIST PARTY AND NOT RIGHT WING TAILISM

el-Shaab on 21-1-1960

The new opportunist movement strives to smuggle various concepts which are alien to the working class the polical concepts to which the which are alien to the working class the proportunists rest to justify their anti-republic quarters and realised entity movement as well as the subsersive call and their action which the aim from that malicious campather than the control of the c national movement from its correct ch is hotile to the working class and ign against the Party, namely to revolutionary path. It does not suf- the national movement. fice with publishing the same non-

the political concepts to which the tation. opportunists rest to justify their Who is responsible for the incitionary elements with imperialism subversive call and their action whi- dents which took place in Iraq behind them were the motivator to ch is hotile to the working class under its Republican era? This and the national movement.

tification

This article appeared in Ittihad; By Mohammad Husain Abul Iss, (swer, yet the opportunists volun-Founding Member of the I.C.P. Steer, because of their jealousy for

The opportunists place the ressense repeated by the reactionary ponsibility of the events which our first on the democratic organisations sense repeated by the reactionary positionity of the events which our and the democratic organisations and anti-democratic press against Republic witnessed on the Comman and the toiling masses of the people the revolutionary movement and nist party just like all the foes and depriving the Republic of the the policy of the Communist Party and the strongest pillar it has and then to but it also strives to smuggle the working class do. They regard its subvert it and its patriotic leaderconcepts of the Yugoslav revision- general policy a wrong one and see subvert it and its partitude readerists to our working class and Party, no shining aspect in its honouring ness of what the people had reali-We shall deal with these concepts struggle. They magnify the tactical seed Facts, whether these which to see the reality of these "Mar- mistakes which were rectified at the were revealed by the Leader of the to see the reality of these man-invasion in the speedily and resolutely indicaconcern for the interest of the wor- ting the seriousness of the Party; last Press Conference or those furking class and the Communist and they use it as a chronic pretext nished by the confessions of the to assult the Party, its leadership conspirators and the testimonies of What concerns us is to discuss and the correct revolutionary orientine witnesses in the People's Court,

question is no longer without an an- in Kirkuk, Hindiya, Musayeb and

case with the detainees of Kirkuk, conform with the requisites of dethe active peasants and trade uni- mocracy, justice and the supremaonists from Basra and other places, cy of the law under the new era -It has become very clear for all naturally creates a state of complathat there are some who place ob- ining which may be expanded to be stacles against the instructions whi- exploited by the enemies of the Rech come from the leadership of the public to create an artificial rupture the authority in favour of the de- in the relations between the masses tainees, or who breach them by var- of the people and the government ious means in order to keep the de- and in weakening the confidence tainees in prisons or to rearrest the between them. It is no secret that this would constitute a danger on That is in addition to the fact the status of our Republic, its fu-

of the democratic organisations are put them forward for the authority, still closed down without any juswe are in fact aiming to perform our newspapers. The vilifications of duty towards the patriotic authority these newspapers can no longer de-Besides, the citizens are forced and to assist it in revealing some by various means to leave their to- aspects of the situation which calls was without finding any protection for attention and handling in favour from the local authorities and the of consolidating and reinforcing the law. Moreover compulsory residence constructive solidarity between the is imposed on some citizens for no people and the revolutionary govereasons other than the fabrications rnment, which is the protective shof the feudalists and the agents. jeld that smothers the intrigues of The continuance of these and the enemies of the Republic - the other phenomena in our Republic imperialists and their traitorous fol-- besides the fact that it does not lowers.

reaction, to reply it by vilifying What concerns us is to discuss The people have already been acquainted with the vilifications of the disrupt the unity of the national ranks and concentrate the attacks have shown that the plotting reacall the incidents which took place

> Thus the answer to this question has become in the view of the broadest masses of the people the touchstone which shows the reality of the quarter that furnishes the answer. What did this touchstone show with regards the opportunists? They are tsill playing the same loathsome tune of reaction, the tune of vilifying the Communist Party and its leadership and of exonerating the reactionaries and conspirators.

The facts have slapped all the While reviewing these facts and reactionary trumpets such as Bagwe are in fact aiming to perform our newspapers. The vilifications of ceive anyone and thus the new opportunist clique volunteered to undertake this dishonouring task, the task of misleading the masses and disguising the reactionary activities by playing the same tune but in the name of "Marxism-Leninism", and 'communism' and in guises of 'revolutionary' jargon and expressions.

The simplest workers and pea-

that those incidents were an intro- Party. "save" the reactionary propoganda Republican era. from the bankruptcy it suffered ...

the factthat they concentrated their

ple who have been experienced by which was pursued by the Revolu- had worked for and called all the ple who have been experienced by which was pursued by the Revolt-the incidents created by the reaction and adopted by the sincere was in conformity with the policy tionary conspirators, fully realise quarters including our Communist of our patriotic government in its

that the continuance of the vilifica- ings in their newspaper to find it on 11th Feb., 1959, "whenever the tions on the democratic organisa-tions and the toiling masses and starting with this point and ending people were vigilant and greatly tions and the toiling masses and tions and the toiling masses and with regarding the general policy imperialists and win their rights. the Communist Party only mean of the Party as wrong. They think You have a great duty towards the the preparation for a new conspirate. Of the Party as wrong. They think You have a great duty towards the that all the Party has done was people, namely to inflame the people and maintain and double this opportunism, the advocates of capital transfer of the reactionary activity is a leadership and replace zeal. vities, were not convinced by all it by a leadership that pursues a So what do the opportunists have those facts which convinced the completely different policy to that against the policy of the Party?

nists claim?

conspirators, namely to indict the mns of enemies at home and abroad. wish.

sants and all the good honest peo- correct revolutionary orientation That what our Communist Party struggle against the imperialists and their conspiracies. Premier Kasduction for the latest conspiracy and The reader can trace their writ- sim stated once in a press conference

masses, and thus they preferred to pursued by our Party during the They do not want the Party to work people and inflaming their national Was the strategy of our Commu- enthusiasm to defend the Republic. om the bankrupicy it sunered.

This fact cannot be altered by nist Party wrong as the opportu-with "revolutionary jealousy" wrote in their subversive appeal which the fact that they concentrated their attacks on the leadership of the Party, because the question is the our national democratic revolution was published in their newspaper; after criticising the mass movement and describing it with spontaniety, same; it is the responsibility of the and its objective and subjective con- they criticise the leadership of the incidents which took place in the ditions and thus laid its aims on Party for "devoting all the enerincidents which took place in the ditions and thus laid its aims on Party to decoting all the energies of the Party to inflame this country and the role of the reactionary elements in them. The mere placing of responsibility on a revolutionary quarter means the exoneration of the reactionaries. Imperituous literature as well as its movement and to intensify the enthusiasm of the comrades to proceed in this path. A leadership which diamong these aims is safeguarding the Republic, defending its revolution of the reactionaries. Imperituously republic, and the development and the energies of the Party to orthogonal the energies of the Party to orthogonal the energies of the Party to orthogonal the energies of the Party to inflame this movement and to intensify the energies of the Party to inflame this movement and to intensify the energies of the Party to inflame this movement and to intensify the energies of the Party to inflame this movement and to intensify the energies of the Party to inflame this movement and to intensify the energies of the Party to inflame this movement and to intensify the energies of the Party to inflame this movement and to intensify the energies of the Party to inflame this movement and to intensify the energies of the Party to inflame this movement and to intensify the energies of the Party to inflame this movement and to intensify the energies of the Party to inflame this movement and to intensify the energies of the Party to inflame this movement and to intensify the energies of the Party to inflame this movement and to intensify the energies of the Party to inflame this movement and to intensify the energies of the Party to inflame this movement and the party to inflame this movement and the energies of the Party to inflame this movement and the energies of the Party to inflame this movement and to intensify the energies of the Party to inflame this movement and the energies of the Party to inflame this movement and the energies of the Party to inflame this movement and the energies ialist trumpets used to place the tionary gains and the development ganise festivals, processions and responsibility of the conspiracies on of its democratic course, by reliance write slogans ... etc". This is what the entirety of the Iraqi people and to the entirety of the masses of the the opportunists wrote in their the patriotic government and rega
people — the four classes in which newspaper. The movement which was set free rded the conspirators as the victims the worker — peasants alliance con- by the 14th July Revolution of aggression. When they found stitutes the corner-stone in alliance and which was and still is a themselves incapable of misleading among these classes. The Party did thorn to the side of the imperialists they started the attempt of splitting the ranks and started concentrating the ranks and started concentrating the ranks and started concentrating the bases of the house of th the vilifications on the Communist the bourgeois democratic revolution struck terror to the hearts of its Party. The agents of imperialism as it is well known for everyone, enemies is today the target of criti-Party. The agents of imperialism as it is well known for everyone.

cism and anger of the opportunists. and their agents started falsely pre
No loyal patriot doubts that the What did they want the Party to tending to support the patriotic go- circumstances of our Revolution ne- dos And what policy do they propose vernment and the leader of the Re- cessitated firmness against its ene- to be the substitute for the revolupublic in order to smuggle their vi- mies and reliance on the masses of tionary mass policy of the Party: lifications. They continued so until the people as well as the releasing And what kind of struggle that can their intrigue was exposed. Now of their revolutions are replaced the mass struggle? They their intrigue was exposed. Now, of their revolutionary energies and want the Party to isolate itself from the opportunists attempt to concen- helping them to organise themselves the mass activity and the revolutrate the same vilifications against and unite their ranks and inflame tionary struggle, and that is what the leadreship of the Communist their revolutionary enthusiasm to the opportunists wish in every place and time and it is what the enemies Party aiming the same target as the defend the republic from the colu- of the Iraqi people and Republic

EVENTS OF THE WEEK

The Engineers Congress - New on from coalition of patriotic forces iasm and tranquility for a better Victory for Democracy.

ress under the auspices of the En-rity both in the Union and the So- The President of the Journalists gineers Union and the Engineers ciety thus scoring a new victory Union issued on 19th instant a sta-Society. The first congress was held for democracy in Iraq. The Presid-tement in the name of almost all on June 4th, 1959.

speech in which he greeted the en- competing list won 386 votes. The al-Thawra newspaper towards the gineer sand appreciated their efforts Democratic Engineers list also won People's Court. The statement said and dealt with various issues of all the sub-committees of the Un- that the Union" faced with a great

ress, "You are the prop to design other victory scoring 289 votes lists and editors in particular, the the construction of the country on while its competitor won 131 votes. Executive Committee of our Union correct scientific basis". The Pre- Following the announcement of adopted a resolution with the supmier asserted that the number of the results the President of the Un- port of the present editors and owengineers will be doubled shortly, ion, Abdul Razzaq Mutar, who has ners of newspapers to denounce this ticular stress on the projected Ra- Agency that the real victory was an end for the conduct of this news-

his determination to pursue the people' neipation".

tention that, "we are in need for ples of the neighbouring area and The two charges put by the Executhe unity of efforts because imper- a direct threat to world peace. five Committee were: first — violatialism, the covetous and their hirelings shall not spare the opportune agressive provocations of the Iran- who are not members of the Union. chances for them. They have atta- ian rulers who are instigated by im- The second charge is that he violacked our country many times and perialism to intimidate the Iraqi ted Article Two of the Law of the we smashed their attacks on the Republic. The Congress supported Journalists Union by attacking one spot and with amazing speed which the stand of the Iraqi Government of the most important gains of the is parallel to the amazing speed of to regain the rights of Iraq in Shatt Revolution and the people, namely the 14th July Revolution"

livered a speech in which he high- the UAR. ly praised the cooperation which The Congress adopted another newspaper from the Union for vio-

among the engineers. The other list future and prosperous life". was called the Professional Demo-On the 19th instant the Iraqi cratic List. The first group won the engineers held their second Cong- elections with a considerable major.

The President of ent of the Democratic List won 573 the owners and editors of the patrio-The congress was opened by votes out of the 900 votes cast in tic newspapers denouncing the at-Premier Kassim who delivered a the elections. The president of the titude of the reactionary Iraqi daily Iraq's foreign and domestic policy. ion. In the elections of the Society pressure of the indignation of the General Kassim told the Cong- the same Democratic List scored an- masses in general and the journa-

for the accomplishment of the tasks and the aims of Premier Kassim"

"correct democratic course and to The Congress adopted a number gal measures against al-Thawra embark the foundations of freedom, of decisions and recommendations newspaper. liberation and emancipation from including a cable to the Prime Mi- On 22nd instant the Disciplinary which light will radiate to the nei- nister Mai, Gen. Kassim thanking Committee of the Journalists Union ghbouring countries. It will radiate him for his opening of the Congress, met to consider the case of this to every people striving for libera- The Congress also adopted a deci-newspaper which was referred to it tion and emancipation. We shall sion regarding the determination of by the Executive Committee of the assist those peoples and assist every France to carry her atomic tests in Union. There charges were put agpeople desiring liberation and ema- the Great Sahara as a violation and ainst the newspaper two from the an overt aggression on the rights Executive Committee and one by Maj. Gen. Kassim drew the at- of the Algerian people and the peo- the general Committee of the Union.

el-Arab.

speech, the Minister of planning descions to denounce the persecution in General Committee calls for the ex-

characterised the relations between decision rejoicing in the end of the lating all the provisions of Article the Union and the Ministry of Plan- transitional period as a victory Two of the Law by pursuing antining and wished that these relations "scored by the Revolution under national policy, ming and wished that these relations will continue and grow closer in the the leadership of Premier Kassim The Disciplinary Committee has future. Two lists were contesting for the lidation of democracy to develop of expulsion from the Union in whielections, one group. The Demoratic our society and to commence a per-ch case, the punished member will Engineers List representing the pre- iod of general construction in which have no right to publish a newsvious Executive Council of the uni- the people work with full enthus- paper nor to work in the Journalis-

Journalists Union Denounces al-

The Premier also referred to the been elected for this post for the attitude of al-Thawra newspaper new de elopment plans and laid par- second time stated to the Iraq News and to request the officials to put shad Reform city and the model Vil- the "unanimity of the engineers to paper which is counter to the spirit lage to be constructed in the North back the new council of the Union of the Revolution and the Republic The Premier once again asserted of the Union in serving the Iraqi The statement disclosed that the Union is proceeding to take the le-

the People's Court. The third char-After the Premier finished his The Congress also adopted deci- ge which was put forward by the pulsion of the owner of al-Thawra

ned for further evidence .

Peace Partisans Denounce Trials of Agrarian Reform.

1120 peace partisans in Hilla Province lodged a protest with the West German Embassy in Baghdad "we regard their arrest and trial an accusation and insult for the World proprietor and Editor. vements in the world. We also re-

pointed out that the Soviet Union known as the January Uprising. sperity of mankind.

that the activity of the Soviet doc- called with pride the "honourable ween the two peoples.

viet Union.

Two weeks ago the first cargo of tractors and other agricultural national Press of Iraq commemora- published. implements to be used in the state ted this anniversary in editorial Adenauers Emissary Fails in His Farms arrived from the Soviet Union commentaries hailing it as one link to Basra. These implements will be in the same series of the peoples to Basra. These implements will be in the same series of the peoples distributed to the State frams to be struggle that extended from the reset up in Baghdad and Kut. The volution of 1920 and was culminately of Agrarian Reform has red by victory on the 14th July Refers to express West Germany's "good will" to the Arabs, Ministry of Agrarian Reform has required by the same series of the peoples. A part of his tour to the Arab and the same series of the peoples of the people of the peoples of the people of the also decided to buy four mobile workshops for the repair of cars and agricultural machinery employed by

Students Union Creet Anniversary on y's Director of Press and Information decided to visit the Iraqi Republic the Agrarian Reform for use in the Southern provinces.

decision by the High Committee of 23rd of Jan. a statement commemo-

of Trade Unions.

a licence to the General Federation of Trade Unions to publish a news- mocratic government was a "ripe denouncing the trials of the seven paper under the name of Labour fruit of the struggle of the Kurdish prominent peace personalities in Unity provided that Ali Shukr, the people in Iranian Kurdistan. But West Germany. The protest said, President of the Federation be its imperialism did not leave this go-

1948 Uprising.

Iraqi Republic Maj.Gen. Kassim to to replace that treaty by yet sigthe Soviet Premier Khrushchov tha- more aggressive treaty which was nking him for the efforts exerted by ned initially in Pourtsmouth, Brito combat small-pox as well as for whole patriotic forces of the people paign against the Kurdish people. the medicines sent for this purpose. rose against this move in January Support for Parties Increases: The cable said that there was no 1948 and a great uprising of the Iraq and the Soviet Union for the took place on a National scale and welfare of mankind. The cable also many martyrs fell in it. It was thus

Premier Kassim said in the cable of this Uprising. The statement reand the cause of peace and the pro- the General Union of students issuprising.

volution.

The Ministry also opened a cre- irs Committee" of the General Uni- tended by a large number of Iraqi

tic profession. The meeting adjour- dit to buy fifty Soviet cars on a on of Students in Iraq issued on the rating the anniversary of the for-Peace Leaders in West Cermany. Organ for the Ceneral Federation mation of the Kurdistan Democra-The official authorities granted nian Kurdistan twelve years ago.

The statement said that this devernment alone; they continued plpeace Council and all the Peace mo-Late in 1947 when the popular to stage the brutal attack which the tension and aggravating the movement in Iraq was mounting in was launched by Iranian reaction danger of war". The protest dem- opposition to the 1930 imperialist on Mahabad that led to the eliminaanded the immediate release of the Treaty with Britain and when all tion of this government and the exthe people were unanimous in de- ecution of its leaders". The state-Premier Kassim Thanks Khrushchov manding its abolition, the imperi-Moscow Radio broadcast a cable gime in Iraq at that time plotted gressive and brutal course of persent by the Prime Minister of the to replace that conspiracy by yet secution against the Kurdish people the victory of the Iraqi people and the promotion of the rights of the the Soviet doctors who were sent tain and it was pending ratification Iraqi Kurds led the reactionary reby the Soviet Government to Iraq by the Parliament. However, the gime in Iran to intensify their cam-

Daily, streams of cables are pouneed to point out that the Soviet neople started as from January 27th, ring to Ittihad el-Shaab and other Government's measure of sending 1948 which ended with the down-national newspapers greeting the this team of doctors was one of the fall of the cabinet and the with-porting of national newspapers greeting the aspects of real cooperation between drawal of the treaty. The uprising and supporting the applications submitted by the three patriotic parties; The Communist Party, applied exerted great efforts to serve science On the 23rd of Jan. this year, and the National Democratic Party by Zaki Khairi and his comrades

tors team in Iraq demonstrated the contribution of our students move- el-Shaab reported that the letters friendly feeling cherished by the ment in this great uprising, as is sent so far in support or the revival Soviet people towards the Iraqi peo- the case of our students movement of party life and in suppor of the ple and that this human mission un- on all occasions with the national three mentioned parties were signed doubtedly cements the frienship bet-movement of the people". The sta- by 110,000 citizens from all parts tement called upon the students to of the Republic and from all walks Agricultural Implements from So- celebrate the anniversary of this of life and professions. The paper continues to receive more of these On the 27th of this month the letters and scores of them are daily

Mission:

A part of his tour to the Arab ny's Director of Press and Informa-

On the 26th of Jan., Eckardt The "Kurdistan Students' Affa- held a Press Confrence which wasat-

A YEAR OF GLORIOUS STRUGGLE Continued from Page 2

classes, the interets of the Arab na-

Asian bloc which adheres to the principles of Bandung and the principles of peaceful coexistence and with all the freedom and peaceloving peoples of the world. The the interests of the other national nomic and cultural relations with tion and the cause of freedom and work sincerely and persistently to consolidate peace and friendship among the peoples. The adoption of the necessary measures to protect and promote our national economy. Attending to the problems of the their living, cultural and sanitary standards. The imposition of severe ong these quarters. censorship on the foreign companies and banks. The promotion and en- mpathy, appreciation and support of some sectors of the national mocouragement of industry and trade from the broadest masses of the peo- vement to grasp the revolutionary and the national capital - both go- ple, the patriotic forces and person- requisites to safeguard the Republic complishment of the Agrarian Re- tional quarters which love our Re- sued towards the enemies who plotpeasantry masses. The adoption of mony to its success in performing Republic and its gains. They also unjust labour conditions".

the bases in West Germany from

the Soviet Union, People's China peace in the world, Ittihad el-Shaand the rest of the Socialist coun- ab dedicated its efforts and opened and the rest of the Socialist coun-tries who continuously proved their disinterested friendship to our people and our Arab nation and who entific method and upholding the obderation the complicated circumstances of our national movement and the nature of the relations among the patriotic forces and between these forces and the patriotic authoworkers, peasants and the rest of rity and in pursuance with the rethe people and to work to promote quisites of achieving and develop-

vernmental and private -. The ac- alities and the Arab and interna- and the path which should be purform Law in favour of the poor public as to furnish the best testi- ted and are still plotting against the measures to protect our working its mission faithfully and sincerely, resulted from the endeavours of class from unemployment and from Though Ittihad el-Shaab takes pride misleading and falsification which in this testimony and regards it the were staged by the enemies of the In order to fulfil these pledges best stimulus for itself to continue Republic and the enemies of its pa-

journalists. Eckardt started his con- which the Amreican troops procee- Shaab in particular and against the ference by a speech in which he ex- ded were not American but "Nato" course it pursued and the objectives pressed his "splendid feeling" to bases, and he simply denied his me- it fought for. visit Iraq and his "hope" of stron- ntioned statement alleging that his ger "relations" between West Ger- government adopted a neutral atti- de in the successes it scored for the

many and Iraq and other points. tude at the time! Then Eckardt started answering Herr Eckardt further alleged dom of the fatherland is proud that the questions of the journalists. The that the Algerian question was an it is frank and bold in criticising questions were very "embarrasing" "internal" one concerning France itself and it is broad-minded in acfor him and he seemed to be offende only. At this point he was met with centing the criticism of the others by them and tried by all means to a sharp rebuff by the Iraqi journaescape the subject. The first ques- lists and was asked whether the st- takes. tion was regarding how could be ruggle of a people for its self-deterreconcile the statements about mination could be regarded as inter- tion of the task of the progressive "friendship" between West Ger- nal problem of any country. He was many and the Iraqi Republic with aksed to reconcile the statements Shaab had never been embarrased the practical actions of that govern- about West German "friendship" ment. The question recalled that to the Arabs with the military and mitted concerning the method, the West Germany was the springboard financial assistance to France to slay slogans and the demands. This had for the American troops which inva- the Algerian Arabs. Faced with increased its popularity and raised ded Lebanon in July 1958 which these and similar "hard" questions, its prestige among the broad maswas intended to intimidate the new- Herr Eckardt had no time but to ly borne Iraqi Republic, and that claim that he was running short of cles Herr Eckardt stated at that time time after his "sarcasm" and "dipto escape the issue and alleged that swered.

performing its class, patriotic, national and international mission with more insistence and deeper confidence, it also points out that it encountered many difficulties and suffered from many failures under eircumstances which were extremely complicated throughout the struggle against the enemies of the Republic - the conspirators who changed many times their slogans and faces, the most dangerous, meanest and most far-reaching in its effects of which was their endeayour to disrupt the unity among the patriotic forces and between those forces and the authority and its patriotic leadership. It is useful to ing the solidarity in struggle am- Ittihad el-Shaab during its struggle against the enemies of the Re-Ittihad el-Shaab enjoys such sy- public had resulted from the failure triotic leadership against Ittihad el-

Ittihad el-Shaab who takes priwelfare of the people and the freeto it and firm in rectifying its mis-

Because of this healthy realisanewspaper to its mission, Ittihad elin rectifying any mistake it comses and the various partiotic cir-

We are confident and hopeful that his Government was with Am- lomacy" failed and left the confer- that such a correct and sincere couerica in this respect. Eckardt tried ence with all the questions unan-rese will help very much in achieving the unity of ranks among the leaderships of the national move-

ment as it actualy helped to a large extent the attainment of that end among the broad masses from various sectors of the national move-

While Ittihad el-Shaab receives a new year of its age, it asserts once again that it will forge ahead in performing this mission it had undertaken, namely the mission of: the mission of struggle to reinforce our national independence in renks and solidarity with the authorperialism and for peace; the mission

Due to its realisation of the importance of the issue of safeguardits gains which are from the heart the Republic - the imperialists and of the internests of all classes of the reactionary agents, it finds it public - the imperialists and the unity of national ranks. reactionary agents who financed the Ittihad el-Shaab receives her in our unity because we have no narvilify it, it is also proud that it is raination and mobilising all her fow seinsn interests that prevent being the target of the hatred of abilities to maintain the spirit of the target of the hatred of abilities to maintain the spirit of that Ittihad el-Shaab taught the working of the unity of the working flaming the march of the national multiple of the prevent sion of the unity of national ranks, towards abetter future.

Ittihad el-Shaab's Anniversary

Continued from Page 2

account of the first paper published anged into Ittihad el-Shaab. defending, safeguarding and con-by the Iraqi Communist Party in solidating the Republic and the de-l'935 under the name of "Kifah al-velopment of its accomplishment; Shaab" (The struggle of the Peo-on memoirs of the Party activity

ing the Republic and developing fought to lay bare the enemies of the people and the duties of their its duty to associate with this the otations from its previous issues political representatives. Itthad el. ideological struggle against the op- which persistenly exposed the sche-Shaab will spare no effort and loose portunist trends. In this struggle it mes of the imperialists and reactino chance for the unity of the pat- realises the danger of the existence onary forces at home and abroad in riotic forces and the close solidarity of the opportunist trend in the rawith the patriotic authority in the nks of the working class moveregard that this anity constitutes the ment and the extent of its danger guaranteed path to achieve those on the whole national movement common aims. And while Ittihad el. and the Republic and its patriotic installed by the imperialists and Shaab takes pride in the fact that leadership. It is a repition to say it was the target of hatred of the that the unity of the working class enemies of the people and the Re- movement is the corner-stone in the tuaght us", by a worker, it said

yellow newspapers to slander and new year with confidence and dete- row selfish interests that prevent class movement to ensure the divi- movement with enhusiasm and zeal interests can only be achieved by

tten by Comrade Zaki Khairi on Sharara" (the Spark) appeared. "The seeds of Communism ... How When this paper fell in the hands did they grow", containing recollec- of the opportunists, the third centtions and reminescence tracing the ral organ of the Party, "Al-Qa'ida" rise and development of the Commu- was published in 1943 and continued nist movement in Iraq and giving until 1956, when the name was ch-

in 1949 when the whole national The article recalled that the first movement and the Party were in a liance to the unity of national ra- Communist Cell was organised by state of ebb due to the reactionary the late Comrade Fehad around counter-offensive which followed the ity and its patriotic leadership; of 1932. In April 1934 the first centre Peoples Uprising of January 1948. backing the Arab peoples who are for the communist movement was Comrade Nuri recalled how difficult ormed in Baghdad under the name was it for the few communists who mission of fraternal solidarity with all the Arab countries, the consolidation and exponent published the activity of the Party under those lidation of the relations of friend-first issue of Kifah el-Shaab which hard times. "Yet the Party memship with the Socialist camp and all the peoples fighting against imof the Party appears in full. But were of great confidence in their of working to ensure the broadest this paper ceased publication after Party, people and in the future". democratic liberties for the people the appearance of five of its issues. Comrade Nuri pointed out. He showith all their national classes, na- Then three years later the second wed how the Party rebuilt itself and tionalities and political inclinations, central organ of the Party, "al- resumed its march in leading the In as much as Ittihad el-Shaab quidated all the opportunist factions which tried to subvert it.

> The paper carried a long article chases the conspirators", citing quplotting against the integrity and security of the Republic and drawing the attention of the patriotic ple to the dangers of every new trap

In an article, "Ittihad el-Shaab that the paper "taught us that our interests - we the workers - lie peasants. It also taught them their safeguarding the Republic.

FDITORIALS OF THE ARABIC EDITION

dish People in the Programme of bouring evil to our Republic.

21-1-1960

and the rest of national minorities lidating their unity in the struggle victory. was crystallised in the fire of strug- for their common aims. For in a The Kurdish people in Iraq reagle. The courageous vanguards of liberated and democratic Iraq, the lise consciously and genuinely that these nationalities marched shoulder sons of the people can exercise their only under the reign of a liberated to shoulder in a fierce struggle aga- rights and duties in accordance wi- system and through the continuance inst imperialism and against the ex- th the principle of brotherly part- of the struggle to reinforce and extinet reactionary regime which used nership in the same fatherland, pand democracy can they exercise to oppress the people and persecute Such a situation opens the way for their rights and win their right in

brotherhood", martyrs fell from the the development of democracy in land and illuminate for them the Arabs and Kurds in defence of the our Republic, win the right to ex-freedom of the people and the right ercise their legitimate national riof both nations in emancipation. ghts.

From the mountains of Kurdistan to the fields of the Tigris and ch is guided by the principles of Charter the elementary rights of the land of the Euphrates, the bat- brotherhood among the peoples, em- the Kurdish people in Iraq, it bases tles of freedom were taking place phasises once again on the natural itself on its scientific analysis of under the solgans of solidarity and rights of the Kurdish people. It the nature of the historical stage brotherhood in struggle among the sees in the new circumstances which of our country and the realistic cirsons of the people from various na- arose following the victory of the cumstances of our Republic. The tionalities.

hood was christened with blood and Kurdish people to exercise their ri- to accomplish, expand and promote was fused in the crucible of com- ghts in managing their administra- them in accordance with the intermon pains and aspirations until the tive and cultural affairs and in de- ests of the fatherland. outbreak of the 14th July revolu- veloping their literature and lang-tion — the revolution of the Arabs uage and in reviving the history of ch denounces the discrimination and Kurds and all the sons of the their glorious nation. fraternal nationalities in the one Thus our Party supported all the towards the national minorities who

launched by the sons of our people ghts. in striving to win their freedom and usurped rights.

ticularly from the Arabs and Kur- ple, denounces with the same firm- brotherhood of these nationalities ds - realised that the gains which ness all the chauvinist tendencies which consitute the people, it also they have won cannot be safeguard- and the seperatist calls which pre- stresses on the rights of the sons ed and consolidated unless they sus- posses some of the Kurdish chauvi- of these nationalities in practicing tain their common struggle against nists. Our party takes into consi- their cultural affairs by setting up

the people from the Arabs and Kur- and the gains of our Revolution. ds were strongly embraced to each The experience of common strugthe patriots without discrimination, the first time for the Kurds — as life. In this respect they will set the patriots without discrimination. The first time to the first time of the true of the true of the two main nationalities—
Inder the triumphant banner—one of the two main nationalities—an example for the sons of the Kurthe banner of "Arab — Kurdish to gradually and side by side with dish nation in its partitioned home-

14th July Revolution, what provi- Party does not suffice with identi-The Arab - Kurdish brother-des the chance for the sons of the fying these rights, it also strives

steps which were taken in this directlive in a brotherly partnership in The glorious July Revolution was tion as elementary measures to ena- the Iraqi fatherland, firmly upholds the triumphant outcome of the bit- ble the fraternal Kurdish people of the principle of equality in rights ter and bloody struggle which was enjoying more of their national ri- and duties among all citizens, the

rped rights. ces any tendency for arrogance and the Armenians. While it calls and The sons of the people— par- fanatism towards the Kurdish peo- works for the reinforcement of the

The National Rights of the Kur- their enemies who never ceased har- deration the dangers which such narrow calls and tendencies would Thus the arms of the sons of create on the status of our republic

The Kurdish people lived with other and they raised higher on the gle between the Arabs and Kurds their brothers the Arab people in slogan of Arab — Kurdish brother- in Iraq which was crowned with vic-Iraq and the rest of the national hood as "the rock on which the con- tory in the 14th July Revolution, minorities which constitute our so- spiracies of the imperialists and the is undoubtedly an expereince wor-ciety in brotherhood and amity for covetous are smashed". Indeed, on thy to be a model for the other comany centuries. The sons of the this solid rock, all the intrigues and untries in which the sons of the people from the Arabs, Kurds, Tur- plots which were hatched to sow Kurdish nation are still suffering comans and Armenians and others dissension and repulsion between from persecution and repression. were subjected to the injustices of the two fraternal nationalities were Such experience will inspire the the Ottoman domination and the ev- smashed. The Arabs and Kurds and resolution of the sons of the Kurils of the extinct imperialist-royal the sons of the other nationalities dish nation to step up their strugrealised that their way to consoli- gle and unite their endeavours with As a result of that a solid brot- date their republic and reinforce the rest of the peoples of those coherhood among the Arabs, Kurds their gains was the way of conso- untries in order to score a similar

The Iraqi Communist Party, The Iraqi Communist Party whi- while it identifies in its National

and chauvinist and racial trends Arabs, the Kurds, the Turcomans, Our Party which firmly denoun- the Assyrians, the Chaldaneans and tional traditions.

The Arab Policy in the Programme of the Communist Party.

22-1-1960

Our Party emphasises on the homeland which Arab people are linked with the rest of the frantermon characteristics of nationalism.

on the basis of the material reality in which the Arab nation lives and on the light of the basic interests of each Arab people and subsequently the Arab liberation movement in

It is well known that the partition which was imposed on the Arab nation is not from the making of the Arabs, it was the outcome of This domination, the vastness of the ce in isolation of democracy and in the in their struggle against imterritory of the Arab world and an atmosphere of surprises and de- perialism and Zionism and in supother factors were bound to create magogy. varied situations and conditions in Thus the Arab countries did not conditions and situations of two that respond with the interrests and proceed in one pattern of develop- Arab countries which are unequal ment which led to the rise of con- in their political and economic decrete difference in the achievements velopment cannot bring with it anyof each Arab country in the path of its political, economic and cultural results. development.

ing the national independence.

East and West refused every project of "Arab union" projects such as the project of Greater Syria, the handling of the problems of Arab Zionism and reaction for a liberated Jordanian Union and the Egyptian- conform with the legitimate ambi-Sudanese union which aimed essen- tion of the Arabs for unity. On the achieved their independence.

consciousness and the experience of ialism, Zionism and reaction. their struggle that their way towa-

special schools for them and by re- rds unity and towards rallying the ded by these facts, had drawn its viving their literature, arts and na- scattered ranks starts from concen- programme in the Arab policy on task

nal Arab peoples by connections of for liberation and democracy. With-history, language and other com-out being able to liberate themse-mon characteristics of nationalism. lves from the imperialist domina-In contrast to the imperialist tion, the Arab countries cannot achand reactionary schemes which we- ieve any form of association that re meant to reinforce the imperialist can serve their interests in freedom domination over the Arab countries and progress. And without demo-in the name of "unity", our Party cracy, these associations cannot ac-tackles the question of Arab unity complish their aims in promoting the gains of the Arab peoples or in reinforcing the Arab liberation mo-

Arab countries which are unequal thing but contradictions and bad

Naturally the UAR rulers who Since all these results are of the pursued the path of dictatorship making of imperialism which impo- and compromise with imperialism on sed its domination and tyrnnay over the rights of their people cannot the Arab world, then the Arabs in find their way to handle these convarious parts of their land are faced traditions and bad results except before anything else with the task through the intensification of their of directing their struggle for liber- terror and persecution of the people ation from imperialism and achiev- which led and leads to multiplications and problems that can only That is why the free Arabs in aggravate the repulsion among the high on the banner of liberated two fraternal peoples.

The Arabs have realised that the Fertile Crescent project, the Iraq- associations in this manner cannot tially to expand and reinforce the contrary it disrupted the solidarity imperialist domination at the expe- of the Arab nation in the struggle ing masses, under the reign of gennse of the other Arab countries who for liberation and democracy and uine democracy. weakened the immunity of the Arab The Arabs realised through their liberation movement against imper- today ... their path towards libera-

trating their struggle against im- the basis of reality regarding the perialism and the reactionary-feu- task that confronts the Arabs today dal systems for the accomplishment is the reinforcement of their unity of their liberation as a first basic in struggle for liberation and democracy through which the best Thus the struggle of the Arabs forms of association can be ripened fact that Iraq is part of the Arab for unity assumed the nature of a and developed among the liberated homeland which Arab people are struggle that essentially aims to re- Arab peoples with the observation inforce their unity in the struggle of their special conditions and sit-

> The Communist Party marches among the vanguards fighting for freedom, progress and unity of the Arabs has furnished one evidence after the other to its being proud in its Arabism and adherence to the rights of its nation.

Among the other patriotic forces, vement and consequently those asso- the Communists were in the foreciations cannot realise the ligitima- front of those who offered sacrifices te ambition of the Arabs for unity. and martyrs to fedend Egypt during One can give evidence for these the tripartite aggression, and defenfacts from the Iraqi - Jordanian ding Syria during the encirclement union which took place under the and conspiracies. It is ceaselessly reign of the imperialist domination sustaining its struggle with a stroand from the experience of the unity nger resolution to support Algeria, the long domination of imperialism, of Egypt and Syria which took pla- Oman, Palestine and the Arab Sougogy. porting the fraternal Arab peoples The experience of this unity also in Jordan, Sudan and Saudi Arabia the various divided Arab countries, indicated that ignoring the special who are fighting for governments rights of their peoples.

> While the Iraqi Communist Party struggles with the rest of the patriotic forces against the reckless dictatorial policy of the rul-ers of the UAR — the policy of conspiracies on our republic and on the Arab liberation movement, it takes in this respect as its starting point the interests of the Iraqi people and the Arab nation in their noble endeavour for freedom, democracy and progress.

> The Party continuously raises Arab nationalism, the banner of Arab solidarity against imperialism, Arab nation that can defend her freedom and independence and can promote and develop the rights and freedoms of their peoples and toil-

That is the path for the Arabs tion, progress and the unification The Iraqi Communist Party, gui- of ranks in their divided homeland.